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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/938,940	08/24/2001	J. Bryan Jones	GC525-C3 3800		
5100	7590 03/15/2004		EXAMINER		
GENENCOR INTERNATIONAL, INC.			HUTSON, RICHARD G		
ATTENTION: LEGAL DEPARTMENT 925 PAGE MILL ROAD		EN I	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PALO ALTO	O, CA 94304		1652		

DATE MAILED: 03/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Advisory Action	09/938,940	JONES ET AL.	
Advisory Action	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	Richard G Hutson	1652	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ado	lress
THE REPLY FILED 26 January 2004 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average in a rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applica ) a timely filed amendment which I (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely	ation. A proper repl n places the applica	y to a ation in
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailin b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).  Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office firmly filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amounth that the shortened statutory period for reply one later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejecting FINAL REJECTION.  R 1.136(a) and the apprunt of the fee. The apportionally set in the final	on. See MPEP opriate extension ropriate extension Office action; or
<ul> <li>1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>26 January 2004</u>. A 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF 2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be</li> </ul>	R 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of		orth in
(a) ☑ they raise new issues that would require further	·	see NOTE below);	
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b			
<ul><li>(c)  they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or</li></ul>	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or si	mplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without canceli	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claim	s.
NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	tion(s):	·	
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed	amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: Se		dered but does NO	T place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered bec raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which wer	e newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>14-17,20-23,34 and 35</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) app	roved or b) disapproved by the	he Examiner.	
9. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen			
10. Other:	т(з)( 1 10-1443) г арст но(з). <u>_</u>	A SHE	<i>,</i>
		Richard G Hutson,	Ph.D.

Art Unit: 1652

## Continuation Sheet (PTOL-303)

Continuation of 2. NOTE: Applicants proposed amendment adding new claims 37-39 would require additional consideration and/or search after-final rejection. Applicants attention is further drawn to applicants newly presented set of claims which appears to be missing claims 18 and 19. Applicants are reminded that even in the event that these claims have been previously cancelled they must be listed as such. Claims 14-17, 20-23, 34 and 35 are still at issue and are present for examination.

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The rejections of record remain in light of the nonentry of applicants amendment and applicants comments.

Claims 14-17, 20-23, 34 and 35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The rejection is stated in the previous office action. Applicants continue to traverse this rejection on the basis that in addition to applicant previous arguments, one of skill in the art would be able to recognize the claimed invention and what has been invented. Applicants argument continues to be found not persuasive, for the reasons previously stated, and applicants are reminded that while it is acknowledged that a particular structure to function/activity relationship is not necessary to satisfy the Written Description requirements, such a disclosure is but one way in which applicants may achieve adequate written description. Other means include identifying characteristics such as partial structure, physical and/or chemical properties, functional characteristics, method of making and combinations of all of the above.

Claims 14-17, 20-23, 34 and 35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a chemically modified mutant Bacillus lentus subtilisin wherein the chemical modification corresponds to the replacement of amino acid residues N62, L217 and S166, with a cysteine residue, wherein the cysteine residue is modified by replacing the thiol hydrogen in the cysteine residue with a thiol side chain, wherein the thiol side chain is selected from the group consisting of: -SCH2(p-CH3-C6H4), -SCH2(p-CF3-C6H4) and -SCH2(2,4-diNO2-C6H3), does not reasonably provide enablement for any chemically modified mutant enzyme with one or more amino acid residues replaced by a cysteine residue, wherein at least some of the cysteine residues are modified by replacing the thiol hydrogen in the cysteine residue with a thiol side chain, wherein the thiol side chain is selecte from the group consisting of: -SCH2(p-CH3-C6H4), -SCH2(p-CH3-C6H4), -SCH2(p-CF3-C6H4) and -SCH2(2,4-diNO2-C6H3). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The rejection is stated in the previous office action.

Applicants argument continues to be found not persuasive, for the reasons previously stated. Applicants argue that applicants have taught how to make all the claimed species without undue experimentation and how test for functionality.

This is not persuasive because while methods to produce variants of a known sequence such as site-specific mutagenesis, random mutagenesis, etc. are well known to the skilled artisan producing variants as claimed by applicants (i.e., having protease activity) requires that one of ordinary skill in the art know or be provided with guidance for the selection of which of the infinite number of variants have the claimed property. Without such guidance one of ordinary skill would be reduced to the necessity of producing and testing all of the virtually infinite possibilities. This would clearly constitute undue experimentation. While enablement is not precluded by the necessity fo routine screening, if a large amount of screening is required, the specification must provide a reasonable amount of guidance with respecto the direction in which the experimentation should proceed. Such guidance has not been provided in the instant specification.

Thus, applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make and use the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims broadly including any of the claimed chemically modified mutant enzymes having any activity or function. The scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation with the scope of enablement (In re Fisher, 166 USPQ 19 24 (CCPA 1970)). Without sufficient guidance, determination of having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily, and improperly, extensive and undue. See In re Wands 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir, 1988).

Claim 16 remains rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 4 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,284,512 B1. This is a double patenting rejection.

Claims 14, 15, 17, 20-23, 34 and 35 remain rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8, 9 and 10 of U.S. Patent No. 6,284,512 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1-8, 9 and 10 of U.S. Patent No. 6,284,512 B1 anticipate claims 14, 15, 17-23, 34 and 35, respectively. Applicants statement regarding the filing of a supplemental amendment comprising a terminal disclaimer to follow shortl is acknowledged..